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The Intelligencer.

WHEELING, JUNE 2, 1891.

Mr. Cleveland and the South.

Mr. Cleveland has made the mistake of his life. He lives to be President. If he were convinced that this hope is beyond his realization, he would as soon die as live if it were not for the trouble of being buried.

Mr. Cleveland's capital blunder was made in his recent Buffalo speech, when in his desire to curry favor with his German fellow-citizens he forgot all the world beside. Politician enough to appreciate the intense loyalty of the German-Americans, he permitted himself to say, "when the Government was assailed by rebellious hands."

That, it is true, was a calm reference to an historic fact, but it happens that there are other facts of even more interest to Mr. Cleveland. One of them is that without the support of the South in all its solidity he cannot be President.

If the South had not noticed the remark Mr. Cleveland would be in no danger of its resentment. But the South is wide awake and the trouble has begun. Senator Pugh, of Alabama, speaking for the South, says that Mr. Cleveland will not do. He is against free coinage, which the South wants, and he does not seem to know that there ever was a "force bill," but the unpardonable offense was given in the Buffalo speech in the reference to bygones above quoted.

Senator Pugh reminds Mr. Cleveland what that South is to the Democratic party, recalls the fact that the South once helped to make him President, must help again or he cannot be President, and adds with almost savage significance that "those rebellious hands will be at the ballot boxes in the next Presidential election," as they will be around at the next Democratic National Convention. "The South expects its political friends to speak of it with consideration and respect."

The interview is in the Cincinnati Enquirer, which is not to be suspected of concocting an interview to make trouble in the Democratic camp. The Stuffed Prophet has fallen on evil days.

England's Gambling Scandal.

Whether an officer and a gentleman and a British aristocrat moving in the highest of aristocratic circles has been caught cheating at cards, is not the real question involved in the trial now going on before Lord Chief Justice Coleridge. Men who gamble as desperately as the British aristocrats do may well develop rascality at the card table.

The real point of the scandal goes deeper than this. It touches a phase of social corruption beside which cheating at cards is a mild departure from the path of virtue. It takes in men and women who bear proud names and represent great English families. The story of the scandal reveals the heir to the throne in relations that would ruin a lesser personage.

The days and nights at that country house are not pictured in detail; but the imagination easily takes hold of the outline and fills it in. Why was the Prince of Wales so eager to have the whole thing hushed up? Why did Sir William Gordon-Cummings suppose His Royal Highness would do anything rather than have the light let in on what must have been a disgraceful orgy or series of orgies?

Wales does not care who knows he gambles; that is one of the polite accomplishments of an English aristocrat. In the progress of the case may come out just what His Royal Highness wishes to keep dark.

A Striking Contrast.

There was pathos, and instruction in the scene at the laying of the corner stone of the synagogue of the Leshean Schemism congregation yesterday.

A remnant of the chosen people were assembled in a free land, under institutions which guarantee to them the measure of civil and religious liberty enjoyed by all alike, worshipping the God of Israel as their fathers had done in the day of Israel's might and glory.

They stood in the shadow of an American free school. Their radiant youth carried the American flag. Christian friends and neighbors joined with them in their simple services. The prayer and the address of the rabbi were marked with a fervent patriotism.

What a contrast between this scene of loyalty and good fellowship and the mad revel of Jew-baiting with which Russia is appalling the civilized world. Thank God for a free land and free men.

Out-Door Poor Relief.

Ohio county's out-door relief for the fiscal year just closed amounts to nearly \$7,000. If the circumstances of each case were known, the people would be better able to judge of the wisdom of the expenditure, how much went for deserved relief and how much for politics. Practically each commissioner gives what he pleases, without accountability.

Probably every deserving case could be relieved and half the money saved by a business-like system.

Cheap Gentlemanly Living.

There has long been a nervous anxiety throughout the country to know what it costs a gentleman of fashion to live in New York and do nothing but be a gentleman of fashion.

The secret is out. It has been dug out by an excavator who knows the ground and the sort of implements to use. He turns up the interesting fact that \$5,000 a year will maintain a gentlemanly loafer as a man of his quality should live. Some spend more, but the excess is thrown away on entertaining friends, and does not add to the pleasure of living.

For the sum named a man may wear the quantity and quality of clothing that make the gentleman, eat and drink of those things which keep up the proper social tone, and altogether be regarded as the equal of any other man who lives the same exalted life.

Since the scheme is so cheaply worked, it is a wonder that anybody in the metropolis fatigues his intellect with bunco games and the countless shifts to which other loafers resort to maintain their social status.

One does not have to be especially interested in old Bethany College to relish keenly Mr. Campbell's article on the modest beginning of that institution, the noted men who gathered about the earnest founder, the lights and shadows which are made to play about those peaceful scenes.

The special State development edition of the INTELLIGENCER will appear on Thursday next. It will be worth seeing, reading and widely circulating. Nothing like it has ever gone out of West Virginia. It has never been excelled anywhere. It will be worth a frame.

Ohio county can afford to contribute liberally to road and coke regions. The commissioners should be able to come to an understanding with the railroad company. Wheeling wants every chance to go ahead, and this is a chance out of the ordinary.

Those saloon-keepers who braved the Sunday law give the mayor an opportunity to show them that he intends to support the chief of police and the law. They expect to get off with a single fine, which they can well afford after doing a land office business.

Russia plays a bold hand, but since she plays it against all civilization as well as against the helpless Jews, she cannot play it forever with impunity. In the cause of humanity there are no territorial limits.

The Protestant Episcopal Church gets on well without archbishops, but the toadies might feel better to have them. Bishop Peterkin gives briefly good reasons why they are not needed.

From an illustration in the Philadelphia Press we infer that a woman's bathing costume at Atlantic City this season will be a mere matter of form.

SENATOR PUGH, of Alabama, is not angling for a seat in Mr. Cleveland's cabinet. Perhaps he thinks there won't be any.

GREAT BRITAIN'S army of 180,000 men is a whole troupe and the prompter in the box.

You want a Boom INTELLIGENCER if you don't lay up a cent.

PRESS COMMENTS.

Central Electricity.

The latest use of electricity is in the substitution of electric bells for additional guards at the Halifax military station. The bells have been connected with the guard-rooms so that an alarm can be sent promptly if a sentinel discovers anything wrong. A few days ago an electric car was successfully used by Jamaica officials to run down some escaping criminals. Thus electricity continues to adapt itself to the varied wants of civilization, in peace and war.

Would it be a Change for the Better?

There is no Canadian leader in the Conservative party qualified to take the place of Sir John Macdonald who can command the support of his party. The choice of a figure-head would be followed by a struggle for supremacy pretty sure to result in a substantial change of Dominion policy. For many years no other Canadian has exhibited theadroitness, suppleness and tenacity of the "North American Disraeli."

A Tariff Picture.

We made no wire nails worth talking of in 1882, and they sold for 84 cents a pound, with duty of 1 cent a pound. The duty was raised to 4 cents a pound in 1883, and now we produce so many that the price has gone down to 2.85 cents a pound. What sort of a tax is the tariff, and what sort of a tariff is a tax?

Our Tin Will Win.

"Tin, tin, American tin," the Free Traders wince when we thus rub it in; growing red in the face, they swear loudly like sin at "Tin, tin, American tin."

Democrats Left.

Compulsory education triumphed in the Senate yesterday. Pennsylvania will continue to be a Republican State.

Heaven Division Line.

The Rev. Dr. Gordon, of Omaha, said that God is not acknowledged west of Junction City, Neb.

FEMININE NOTES.

The Guest, Who Had a Lovely, Restful Time

—Ostrich-Feather Cloak.

"How far short of one's standard is it possible for one to fall, and how completely one's best efforts must be unappreciated," said young woman the other day to a New York Times writer, "was instanced to me last summer. We had a guest in our country home, for a fortnight a young woman from New York, whom we were anxious to entertain for family obligations. Her summer home, we knew, was considerably more quiet than ours, and we flattered ourselves

that the program of boating and driving and picnicking and people and coming and going at the house which we planned would fill her time completely and pleasantly. Every detail was carried out, and at the end of two restless and busy weeks we stood on the piazza speeding our parting guest, with the serene conviction that no stone had been left unturned which, in our estimation, could add to her gaiety. Imagine, then, our surprise, not to say consternation, when she said, taking my mother's hand: 'Good-by, dear Mrs. —; it was so nice of you to let me come in this quiet, informal way. I've had a lovely, restful time. I should never have forgiven you if you had tried to entertain me.' Which we most certainly had to the very best of our resources, morning, noon, and night for fourteen days."

Ladies who have been engaged in good work for the benefit of the church or for charity have hit upon a novel idea for raising funds, says the Washington Post. Each member of the Aid society binds herself to contribute \$1 that she has earned herself; the money may not be taken from the store of pin money. The stories of how the money was earned are told at a general meeting, and the result is very entertaining. At a recent meeting one of the members told how she blacked her husband's stove at the office ten times for 10 cents each; another painted china, another did fancy needlework, and so on. The greatest financial turn, however, was that of a woman whose husband wanted some home-made bread. "I'll give you 50 cents to make me some," he said. She went to work, and that night it was before him on the table. He tasted it, and then cheerfully gave her 50 cents not to make any again.

Mrs. Vanderbilt has set the fashion of wearing ostrich feather cloaks, the feathers for which are supplied by the ostrich farms of southern California, and the ladies of the exclusive circles of San Francisco have been swift to adopt it. Queen Victoria had the first cloak of this kind, and from it Mrs. Vanderbilt gained her idea. The Queen's cloak was sent from South Africa on the occasion of her jubilee, and was a rich circular of black gauze on which were stitched rows upon rows of black ostrich plumes, stripped horizontally from the quill. The cloak was handsomely lined with black surah, and is said to possess all the warmth with one-half the weight of sealskin. Fans and other ornaments fashioned from native ostrich-tips are much sought after by the 400 of San Francisco.

An Atchison woman has been informed that she cannot live two years. She has therefore resolved on making the most of her time, and has entered on a career of merrymaking and gaiety. Another doctor informs her that if she will saw off on high living and go slow in her merrymaking she can recover her former good health. The gay life strikes her fancy, and she accepts the death warrant of doctor No. 1.

It is reported to be a fancy of the fashionable girl that after wearing her long suede gloves two or three times she takes them to a shoemaker and has made from them a pair of slippers for her chosen admirer.

A woman was convicted of being a common scold at Minersville, Pa., last week, but the judge saddled part of the costs on her accuser, the minister.

AMONG THE JOKERS.

Jack Pulse (of Boston): "Darling, do you realize that you consented to be my wife this evening?" Miss Beacon: "I did not, sir; I said no!" Jack Pulse: "Ah, but it was for the second time, and two —" Miss Beacon: "I bow to the inevitable, sir. It shall never be said that Penelope Beacon violated by a hair's breadth the entitles of the English language." —New York Sun.

"Good evening," exclaimed the young man, as he approached the front stoop where his girl was sitting. "Is it warm enough for —" "Sir," she interrupted, in forbidding tones. "For ice cream!" he went on, in the most tranquil manner imaginable, and the girl on the front steps looked silly. —Washington Post.

Fair maiden (summer boarder): "How savagely that cow looks at me." Farmer Hayseed: "It's your red parrot, mum." Fair maiden: "Dear me! I knew it was a little out of fashion, but I didn't suppose a country cow would notice it." —New York Weekly.

The Young Housewife: "Emma, my angel, you are cooking? Tell me what that is that you have in the saucepan." "But, Edgar, don't be so curious all of a sudden; I don't know that yet myself." —Flying Dutchman.

Mrs. Youngwife (to pretty applicant): "No, I don't think you will do." Applicant: "But I am able to cook in the best style." Mrs. Youngwife: "I guess I know my business; I advertised for a plain cook." —Harper's Bazar.

"But will your wife believe you?" asked Rounder, as he escorted Brown home early in the morning. "Will she?" replied Brown joyously. "Of course she will. We've only been married a week." —New York Recorder.

Jacques: "It may seem presumptuous for me to ask for your hand; I know that I am poor in money but I am very rich in love." Millicent: "Yes; well, where can you hire a flat with that?" —Boston Courier.

Gargoyles: "I should think that women would find more congenial employment in banks than anywhere else." Mrs. Gargoyles: "Why?" Gargoyles: "Because money talks." —Detroit Free Press.

"Can you support my daughter in the style to which she is accustomed?" asked her father. "I can, but I won't," returned the careful young man. "I'm not extravagant." —Harper's Bazar.

Father: "If you paid more attention to cooking and less to dress, my dear, you would make a much better wife." Daughter: "Yes, father. But who would marry me?" —Clook Review.

He: "And will you let me have a smoking-room in our new house, dear?" She (sweetly): "Why, of course I will, darling. It shall be out in the stable." —Munsey's Weekly.

Freshleigh, '94, (to Miss Autumn, who has just made a sarcastic remark): "You are justifying, Miss Autumn." Miss Autumn: "Sir—r—r—r!!! —Harvard Lampoon.

He Was a Peeler.

Washington Post.

The sexton helped his worthy wife. He peeled potatoes well; He next peeled off his overcoat, And then he peeled the bell.

Africa's Aurora.

Exchange.

When the earth is wrapped in gloom, Rivaling the tints of Flora, Morning paints its crimson hues— Beautiful aurore!

Breaking darkest Africa's gloom Goes the civilized explorer, Paints the dawn a lurid red— Isn't he a rooster?

This world is always interested in the cure of consumption, yet its prevention is of far more importance. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is guaranteed to cure coughs and colds. Sold by all dealers on a guarantee of satisfaction.

SHE CONFESSED.

A Husband Tortures His Wife Into Acknowledging Her Unfaithfulness.

SEDALIA, Mo., June 1.—George Burnham, a young railroad man, and his wife, twenty years old, have left Sedalia. They came here a year ago from Illinois, and Burnham secured employment on the Missouri, Kansas & Texas road. Recently they went to housekeeping, and on last Wednesday the husband was informed that his wife was unfaithful. He kept watch on her movements, and on Friday night, when he supposed she was out on the road, he saw a strange man leaving his house. He accused his wife of infidelity, but she denied it emphatically. The husband, angered by her denial, bound and gagged the woman and drew a knife from his pocket, threatening to cut her throat if she struggled or attempted to cry out. Thoroughly frightened, she was compelled to submit in silence to the binding and torture that followed.

After having seated her in a chair with her hands securely bound, he placed her feet through the rungs of another chair and tying them there he lit one match after another and scorched the woman's flesh until in an agony of pain, she signified by signs—being tightly bound and gagged—that she would confess. She was unloosed, and then told her husband the story of her unfaithfulness, naming a number of men with whom she acknowledged having been intimate. When she had finished, Burnham instead of swearing vengeance on the heads of the men, decided that his wife and he should leave town, which they did yesterday, returning to their home in Illinois where Burnham will leave his wife with her parents.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

The Financial Standing of the Country for May.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—Following is a recapitulation of the debt statement issued to-day: Interest bearing debt—Bonds at 4 1/2 per cent, \$50,800,200; bonds at 4 per cent, \$569,505,805; refunding certificates at 4 per cent, \$304,120. Debt bearing no interest—Legal tender notes, \$346,681,016; old demands notes, \$56,032; national bank notes, redemption account deposited in the treasury under act July 14, 1890, \$42,203,360; fractional currency, lost or destroyed, \$6,908,192; aggregate of debt bearing no interest, \$395,848,601. Certificates issued on deposit—Gold certificates, \$158,902,149; silver certificates, \$315,551,153; currency certificates, \$18,000,000; treasury notes of 1890, \$45,077,947; aggregate of certificates and notes—offset by cash in treasury, \$538,190,649; aggregate of debt including certificates and notes, May 31, 1891, \$1,546,215,875; decrease of bonded debt during the month, \$2,209,168. Cash in Treasury, reserved for the following purposes: For redemption of United States notes, acts of January 14, 1875, and July 12, 1882, \$100,000,000; for redemption of gold certificates issued, \$158,902,149; for redemption of silver certificates issued, \$315,551,153; for redemption of currency certificates issued, \$18,000,000; for redemption of Treasury notes, act July 14, 1890, \$49,677,307; for matured debt, accrued interest and interest due, \$5,165,397; total cash reserved for those and other purposes, \$697,077,306; debt less cash in Treasury, May 31, 1891, \$849,138,568; debt less cash in Treasury, April 30, 1891, \$848,515,583; net increase of debt during the month, \$622,195.

New Criminal Court at Parkersburg.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., June 1.—The first term of the Wood County Criminal Court was opened to-day, Judge J. M. Jackson on the bench. There are already 20 felony cases and 335 misdemeanor cases on the docket. Fourteen members of the Wood County bar were admitted to practice in the new court. Grand and petit juries empaneled and the new machinery is ready for business.

West Virginia Pensions.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 1.—West Virginia pensions: original—Leon C. Brown, James B. Harton, Maurice G. Hungerford, William M. Morris, Wilson Hall, Napoleon H. Johnston, Matthew Edmonds; George E. Foling. Additional—Joseph Dougherty, Alex. Flanger, Alphens Danby, Charles Congo, Increase—George McDaniel, William Buffington, E. P. Scott, Zachary T. Francis, Emberson Fisher. Reissue—Thomas Ashley.

Progressive St. Clairsville.

St. CLAIRSVILLE, O., June 1.—At a special election to-day a vote was taken to bond the town \$10,000 for an electric light plant. The result was 153 for the plant and 54 against.

Blaine Goes to Bar Harbor.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Secretary Blaine, accompanied by Mrs. Blaine and Mrs. Danrosch, left the latter's residence shortly after 9 o'clock this morning and drove to the Grand Central depot, where the distinguished party took a train for Bar Harbor.

IF your name is not on the INTELLIGENCER'S Subscription Books make haste to get it on the list. Notwithstanding increased size and general improvement there is no increase in price. Still better things are to come.

HOW TO GET THEM.

If you want new customers, ask for them.

There are hundreds of people living within a mile of your store that don't know there is such a place, and they'll continue to be ignorant on the subject unless you take steps to inform them. Some of us are too apt to think that "everybody knows us."

Now, that line of thought is a mighty bad one for business men. If they permit themselves to be deceived by it, they are pretty sure to "get left."

Seek publicity. Keep your name and your store's location constantly before the people. Use the newspapers—there's nothing like it.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

ARISTO

PHOTOGRAPHS

OUR SPECIALTY.

HIGGIN'S GALLERY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED front rooms. Inquire at 129 Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FIVEROOMED HOUSE on Sixth Street, \$14 per month. Three rooms house east end of Twenty-seventh street. \$6 50 per month. NESBITT & DEVINE, 1729 Market street.

SPECIAL SUMMER SESSION

of the Wheeling Business College. Short Courses in COMMERCIAL, ENGLISH, SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING, beginning MONDAY, JUNE 10TH, 1891, and continuing for ten weeks. Address as above. je2-Trhas

NOTICE.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Hospital Association will be held at the Y. M. C. A. building on Wednesday, June 3, 1891, at 3 p. m. promptly. A full attendance is desired. MISS MARTHA J. HARE, Secretary.

NOTICE.

The regular monthly meeting of the Woman's Union Benevolent Society will be held at Y. M. C. A. building on Wednesday afternoon, June 3, at 2:30 o'clock. A full attendance is requested. MRS. W. J. W. COWDEN, Secretary.

TRUE MERIT WINS

EVERY TIME. THIS IS WHY WE CAN SELL ONE HUNDRED PIECE GOLD BAND DINNER SETS FOR THIRTEEN DOLLARS. EWING BROS., 1254 Market St., opp. McJure House.

OLD AND RARE VIOLINS

FOR SALE.

Prof. Vass has left two very fine old violins with us to dispose of. One a copy of the Stradivarius model, the other a Steiner model. Also a silver plated E flat Cornet, made by H. Lepert. These instruments are offered at bargain prices. F. W. BAUMER & CO.

NEW STOCK

Fresh Blue Print Paper

OF THE HIGHEST GRADE JUST RECEIVED.

BLUE PRINTS MADE TO ORDER.

At Art Store, 1222 Market Street.

my19 E. L. NICOLL.

NOTICE.

I am now prepared to clean privy vaults, cesspools, etc.; 75 cents per barrel, 40 gallon barrels. Special prices on large contracts.

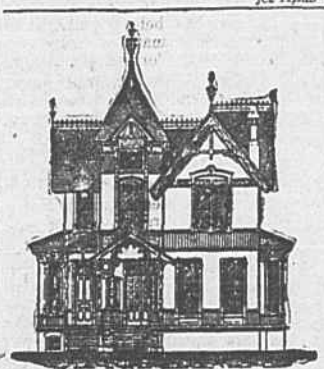
I. B. VAN FOSSEN, Agent.

Office, 1325 Chapline St.

Water Rents Are Due!

Bills for WATER RENTS for the six months ending September 30, 1891, are now ready. If paid at the office of the City Water Board on or before June 30, 1891, a discount of 10 per cent will be allowed. THE CITY WATER BOARD.

je2-Trhas



STEPHEN McCULLOUGH,

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER,

SHOP AND LUMBER YARD,

No. 92 Fifteenth Street.

TELEPHONE 309.

All kinds of Carpenter Work promptly attended to.

SALE

CITY OF WHEELING

Four-and-a-Half Per Cent Bonds

OF 1890.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned commissioners appointed by an ordinance of the City of Wheeling, entitled "An ordinance to provide for the issue and sale of Bonds of the City of Wheeling, to be known as the 'Main Street Bridge Bonds,' and for the redemption and payment thereof," raised by the voters of said city on the 15th day of April, 1890, will, on TUESDAY, JULY 29, 1891, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 3 o'clock p. m., at the Bank of the Ohio Valley, in the city of Wheeling, W. Va., receive bids in writing for, and sell the remainder of the Bonds of said city authorized by said ordinance, to the amount of \$71,500; one hundred thereof are \$100 bonds; sixty-three of them are \$50 bonds, and thirty of them \$1,000 bonds, all dated July 1st, 1890, payable on or before July 1st, 1924, at the Bank of the Ohio Valley, with interest at the rate of 4 1/2 per cent per annum, payable annually on the first day of July, 1892, and on the first day of July in each year thereafter until and including the year 1924, at the said Bank of the Ohio Valley, in the city of Wheeling, for which interest coupons in proper form are attached to each bond.

These bonds are issued to pay for the construction of a permanent new bridge on Main street, in the city of Wheeling, over Wheeling creek, and will be sold only for cash to the highest bidder, approved by the undersigned, and none of said bonds will be sold for less than par and accrued interest from July 1, 1891.

The bonds hereby advertised for sale are liable to redemption, at their par value, on, and at any time, in the city of Wheeling, over Wheeling creek, and will be sold only for cash to the highest bidder, approved by the undersigned, and none of said bonds will be sold for less than par and accrued interest from July 1, 1891.

The bonds hereby advertised for sale are liable to redemption, at their par value, on, and at any time, in the city of Wheeling, over Wheeling creek, and will be sold only for cash to the highest bidder, approved by the undersigned, and none of said bonds will be sold for less than par and accrued interest from July 1, 1891.

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